

“ORIGINAL EXPERINCES IN WONDER LAND”



SITES TO VISIT

“QESHM ISLAND”

The largest in Iran, Qeshm island is popular for its unique geological formations. It is the only Geopark in the Persian Gulf region inscribed in UNESCO's World Heritage List.

Part of UNESCO Geoparks, the Chahkooh Canyon is one of the seven wonders of Qeshm Island, famous for its natural geological rocks and formations shaped over millions of years. This famous geological wonder is marked by rain-carved rock formations and man-made wells.

“Baboo Boom” is one of the few remaining ancient sailing barges (or Iranian wooden Lenj boats) and a key component of Iran's maritime heritage. A space for local sailors of Bandar Kong to sing the traditional “Yamal” songs whilst preparing for their long sea

journeys, evoking a spirit of solidarity. Transforming movements of nature and involuntary pulsations of life into voluntary and conscious movements, the Yamal music helps sailors endure the hardships of their sea journeys. Yamal songs are of three kinds: Yamal Mashveh, singing Yamal while anchoring, singing Yamal whilst opening the sail. The ancestral knowledge of seafaring and traditional skills of building Iranian Lenj Boats in the Persian Gulf has been inscribed in the 2011 UNESCO intangible world heritage list.

“Hengam Island”, in the Persian Gulf, has scenic beaches and beautiful landscapes, where if fortunate we can glimpse dolphins, especially the Bottlenose dolphin. If dolphins are in a good mood, they're likely to poke their nose out of the water or even jump out of the sea.



“WONDER LAND OF PERSIAN GULF”

Hormozgan

SALT CAVES
SEDIMENTARY ROCK
VIRGIN HAND CRAFT



RESPONSIBLE TOURISM

As responsible visitors, we must minimize negative economic, environmental, and social impacts, generating greater economic benefits for local people, conserving natural and cultural heritage, being respectful of different cultures and identities. Let's all contribute to make tourism more responsible and sustainable!



“MINAB”

Ancestral art and part of the lifestyle of the people of Minab, mat weaving is a 5,000-year-old art. Utilizing palm leaves, called “pish” in the local language, is representative of the art of people from this southern region of the country

The Thursday Panjshanieh Minab Bazaar, believed to be more than 500 years old, is one of the few remaining traditional local markets, exhibiting handicrafts of eastern Hormozgan. Traditionally, the artisans of each village would produce only one product and sell their wares each Thursday in the Minab city market through a barter system, taking back home necessities not available in the villages

“HORMOZ ISLAND”

Hormuz Island is also known as the Island of Rainbows. Traveling from Qeshm island to Hormuz is 45 minutes. you can transfer inside this island with something like Tuk-Tuk

With multicolored geological formations comprising rock and salt cliffs and towers of varied colors (yellow, white, red), the rainbow valley is one of the scenic locations of Hormuz Island.

The Hormuz Valley of Silence is covered by the dazzling beauty of salty formations that absorb sound pollution and bless it with serene silence. This stunningly beautiful natural site is called the 'Valley of the Statues' because of tall rocks sculpted into strange shapes by erosion.

6 DAYS TOUR

Day 1.

Qeshm (Morning Arrival in Salakh Village- visit and stay in the village), Travel to Soheili Village for lunch at Nakhoda Ali Saleh restaurant, Travel from Soheili village to the Chahkooh Canyon

Day 2.

Baboo Boom, Lunch inside of the Lenj, and in the evening Rest and walk on the beach

Day 3.

Hengam Island and Dolphin watching, Check in at Sam House, Naz island and Stars Valley, Local Kabab in Sho Neshin

Day 4.

Transfer to Hormuz Island by Ship and stay at Majara Residence, Visit Salt Cascadas, Mofang Beach, Rainbow Valley, and Valley of the Statues

Day 5.

Transfer to Bandar Abbass and transfer to Minab, Visit at Bahmani Village for mat weaving, Stay at Minab, Moradi Ecotourism Residence

Day 6.

Visiting local Bazaar at Minab, Transfer to Bandar Abbass, and Departure from Bandar Abbass to Tehran